

CHAPTER XXII

TREE CARE, MAINTENANCE AND PLANTING

22. 01 Administration

- (a) The position of City Forester is hereby created to be filled by appointment by the City Commission. Duties of the City Forester are to enforce this ordinance and to coordinate tree programs in the City of Hazen. The City Forester is authorized to formulate and amend as necessary rules and regulations of the Arboricultural Specifications and Standard of Practice of the City of Hazen. The City Forester serves at the pleasure of the Hazen City Commission.
- (b) There is hereby created a seven (7) member Forestry Board, composed of one (1) member of the Hazen City Commission, and five (5) interested citizens, to be appointed by the City Commission, and one (1) member of the Hazen Park Board, to be appointed by the Park Board. In addition, ex-officio members will be the City Engineer, the Director of Parks and Recreation, the City Planner, the City Auditor and the City Building Inspector.
- (c) The term of office for each member is three years, except that on the first Board the City Commission member and two citizen members will serve two year terms, and one citizen member will serve a one year term. Any vacancies that occur must be filled by appointment of the appropriate board, to serve for the unexpired portion of the term of such member.
- (d) All members of the Forestry Board will serve without compensation.
- (e) The duties of the Forestry Board include advising and assisting the City Forester in the establishment and management of forestry resources on public property within the City of Hazen, as well as enforcement of this Ordinance. The board should develop and/or update, with the City Forester, a written plan of forestry management on public property within the City. Any plan must be presented to the City Commission, and upon their acceptance and approval, will constitute the official city forestry plan.
- (f) The Forestry Board is to choose its own officers, make its own rules and regulations, and keep a record of its proceedings. A majority of the members of the Board constitutes a quorum for all purposes.

22.02 Nuisance Declared

Whenever the city forester determines a tree, shrub, hedge or herbaceous vegetation to be a public nuisance or in violation of this chapter or an imminent danger to life or property, written notification, delivered in person or by certified mail, must be given the owner.

22.03 Abatement

It is unlawful for any person to willfully permit any public nuisance as defined in 22.02 to remain on any premises owned or controlled by him within the City. Such nuisance must be abated in the manner prescribed by this ordinance.

22.04 Inspection and Investigation

- (a) The City Forester, his agents, or any designated member of the Forestry Board (together, hereafter referred to as "City Forester"), may inspect any premise or place within the City to determine whether any condition described in Section 22.02 exists therein.
- (b) The City Forester may enter upon private premises at any reasonable time for the purpose of carrying out any of the duties assigned under this ordinance.
- (c) A city-wide inspection should be made at least once per year for the purpose of determining the existence of nuisance vegetation.
- (d) When a nuisance is found, the owner must be notified in writing of the existence of the nuisance and given two weeks to correct it.

22.05 Abatement of Nuisance on Public Property

- (a) In abating a nuisance as defined in Section 22.02 which is located on public streets, alleys, boulevards or public ways, the City Forester shall cause any infected tree, wood, or vegetation to be removed or otherwise effectively treated so as to destroy and prevent as fully as possible the spread of disease or other nuisance conditions. The abatement procedures should be carried out in accordance with the latest technical and expert methods and plans as may be designated by the Commissioner of Agriculture of the State of North Dakota. The City Forester shall establish specifications for tree removal and

disposal methods consistent therewith. The cost to abate must be assessed as provided in Section 22.10.

22.06 Abatement of Nuisances on Private Property

- (a) Whenever the City Forester finds with reasonable certainty that Dutch elm disease exists in any tree or wood located on private property, outside of any public way in the City, the City Forester shall notify the owner or person in control of the property immediately upon receipt of the diagnosis. The City Forester shall direct that the diseased tree be removed or effectively treated in a manner approved by the City Forester within 10 days after receipt of such notice. If the owner cannot be found, a copy of the notice may be posted upon the infected tree and this posting will be considered notice to the owner.
- (b) If within the 10 days the landowner requests and agrees to pay for the test, the City Forester, shall take and send appropriate specimens or samples to a qualified plant disease diagnostician. No action to remove suspect trees or wood may then be taken by the City Forester until positive diagnosis of the disease is received. Upon receipt of a positive diagnosis, the City Forester shall give Notice to the landowner of the results and require that the tree be removed or treated in a manner acceptable to the City Forester within 10 days.
- (c) If the tree is not removed and/or treated as specified within ten days after posting of the notice, the City Forester may remove and/or treat the tree and assess the costs as set forth in Section 22.10. If the owner or person in control of the property willfully fails to comply with the directive of the City Forester, the person may be charged with a violation of this ordinance for maintaining a nuisance.
- (d) All other nuisance trees or plants must be abated in accordance with the regulations of the Forestry Department and the terms of Chapter XII and costs assessed as set forth in Section 22.10.

22.07 Spraying

- (a) Whenever the City Forester determines that any elm tree or part thereof is infected with Dutch elm disease fungus and is in a weakened condition, the City Forester may treat all elm trees within a 1000 foot radius thereof with an effective elm bark beetle destroying concentrate as recommended by the State Entomologist.
- (b) In order to facilitate the work and minimize the inconvenience to the public of any treating operations conducted under this ordinance, the

CITY OF HAZEN
NOTICE AND ORDER TO ABATE NUISANCE
Forestry Department
PO Box 717, Hazen ND 58545

Case No. _____

Dear _____:

PLEASE BE NOTIFIED THAT inspection was made on _____, 20____, by the Hazen City Forester of the following property of which you are the owner of record, to-wit: _____

THE FOLLOWING VIOLATION(S) OF SECTIONS 22.03 & 22.06, OF CHAPTER XXII, "TREE CARE, MAINTENANCE AND PLANTING" OF THE HAZEN CODE OF ORDINANCES WERE AT THE TIME OBSERVED AND RECORDED, TO-WIT:

THESE VIOLATIONS constitute a public nuisance under the City of Hazen Code of Ordinances.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT to avoid further action by the City of Hazen the above listed violations must be corrected within ten (10) days of the receipt of this notice as follows: _____

PLEASE BE FURTHER NOTIFIED THAT you have ten (10) days from service of this notice to file a written appeal in the office of the City Auditor, located at 146 East Main Street, Hazen ND, with a mailing address of PO Box 717, Hazen ND 58545. If an appeal is filed within 10 days, a hearing will be scheduled before the Board of City Commissioners. If an appeal is not filed within 10 days, the order of the City Forester is final and action will be taken to have the necessary work done by the City of Hazen at the direction of the City Forester and all costs assessed to the property, unless the above-listed violation is corrected as specified within the time allowed.

IF YOU HAVE any questions on this action please contact the Hazen City Forester's office at 748-2550. We appreciate and thank you for your prompt attention to this matter.

DATED this _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

By _____
Hazen City Forester

(FOR DEPT. USE ONLY)

Re-inspected _____ Complied with _____ Yes ___ No
(Date)

City Action _____ Amount to be assessed _____
(Date)

Certified to the County Auditor _____ Action Completed _____
(Date) (Date)

City Forester must give advance public notice of such operations by newspaper, radio, television, public service announcements or other effective means and should also post appropriate warning notices in the areas and along the streets where trees are to be treated at least 24 hours in advance.

- (c) When appropriate warning notices have been given and posted in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the City will not be liable for any claim for damages to a vehicle allegedly caused by the treating operations.
- (d) When trees on private property are to be treated, the City Forester shall notify the owner of the property and proceed in accordance with the requirements of this ordinance.

22.08 Transporting Elm Wood Prohibited

It is unlawful for any person to transport within the City any bark bearing elm wood without having obtained a permit from the City Forester. The City Forester may grant such permits only when the purpose of this ordinance is served thereby.

22.09 Interference Prohibited

It is unlawful for any person to prevent, delay or interfere with the City Forester or the City Forester's employees or agents, including any member of the Forestry Board of the City of Hazen, while they are engaged in the performance of duties imposed by this ordinance.

22.10 Costs:

The costs for abating public nuisances as described in Section 22.02 must be borne as follows:

- (a) For abatement of nuisances as described in Section 22.02 occurring on public land, or on any street, alley, boulevard or other public way adjoining private property, the costs must be borne by the City of Hazen.

- (b) For abatement of nuisances as described in Section 22.02 occurring on private land, park district land and Hazen School Board lands, all necessary costs of abatement must be borne by the landowner.
- (c) Costs of abatement to be paid by the City of Hazen or assessed against the private landowner include such costs as are incurred by the City Forester including, without limitation, removal, replanting, and spraying expenses.
- (d) If a landowner fails to timely abate any nuisance as required by this Article, the Hazen City Commission or the City Forester may take actions necessary for the abatement. The actual expense of abatement will be billed to the private landowner, and, if necessary, certified to the County Auditor, in which case all of the expenses will be charged against the land of the landowner and become a part of the taxes to be levied against the land for the ensuing year and will be collected in the same manner as other real estate taxes are collected.

22.11 Tree Care by Public Utilities

- (a) No trees may be trimmed by or under the direction of any public utility to afford clearance for wires or any other purpose without authorization from the City Forester, and such work must be done under the supervision of the City Forester and in accordance with the regulations of the Office of the City Forester.
- (b) All wires belonging to public utilities, City or individual, must be securely fastened and maintained so as to safeguard trees against any damage therefrom. Inspection should be made periodically to prevent damage to shade trees, or adjustments made whenever requested by the City Forester.
- (c) Trenching operations can not be made without authorization from the City Forester and such work must be done in accordance with the regulations of the Office of the City Forester.
- (d) Exemptions may be made to the above provisions in the event of an emergency condition as determined by the public utilities companies.
- (e) Immediately following an emergency condition in which any tree damage occurs, the public utilities must notify the City Forester of the nature of the emergency and the location and extent of tree damage.

- (f) The City Forester may allow a utility company to top a tree(s), when such topping is deemed by the City Forester to be in the interest of public health, safety, or welfare.

22.12 Tree Replacement - Public and Private Property

- (a) Replacement of diseased trees on public property removed to prevent the spread of Dutch elm disease will be in accordance with tree planting regulations and programs of the Office of the City Forester.
- (b) The City will not be liable for the replacement of diseased trees on private property removed to prevent spread of Dutch elm disease. However, an option will be presented to a private property owner whose tree has been removed in accordance with tree planting regulations and programs of the Office of the City Forester. This option will allow the private owner to replace the diseased tree under the tree replacement program of the Office of the City Forester, the cost to be borne by the private property owner.

22.13 Proficiency Required of Contractors and Others

All personnel involved in the care and maintenance of trees in the City of Hazen as employees or working for others, must show a degree of proficiency in accordance with the regulations of the Office of the City Forester and must receive authorization from the City Forester before practicing tree care and maintenance. For groups working together, only the job supervisor is required to be authorized by the City Forester, the job supervisor to be held responsible for any violations of this ordinance.

22.14 Prohibited Plantings

The following trees may NOT be planted on boulevards and right of ways within the City of Hazen: Cottonwood, Poplar, Willow, Boxelder, Spruce, Siberian or Chinese Elm and American Elm, as well as shrubs and low growing evergreens.

The following trees may NOT be planted on private premises within the City of Hazen: Poplar that bears "cotton" filled seed capsules and Boxelders.

22.15 Separability

In case any section of this ordinance is held invalid by a Court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity will extend only to the section affected and all other sections of this ordinance will continue in full force and effect.

22.16 Penalty

Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance may, upon conviction thereof, be fined up to \$500.00 and may be imprisoned in the County Jail not exceeding 30 days.

22.17 Tree Trimming/Injury

It is unlawful for any property owner, tenant, or commercial trimmer to trim trees in the public boulevard or other public property, unless performed as follows:

- (a) All cuts must be made with a saw or pruner and only at the nodes or crotches. No stubs shall be left on the tree and no spurs or climbing irons can be used.
- (b) All dead or rotted limbs must be removed from the premises.
- (c) All trees and shrubs should be trimmed neatly and uniformly around the entire circumference so as to effect a pleasant symmetry. No topping of trees or shrubs is authorized. "Topping" is defined as trimming in such a manner whereby all, or a substantial portion, of the branches are cut off at the same height above the ground, and/or where there is severe cutting back of limbs to cuts larger than 3" in diameter within the tree's crown to such a degree so as to remove the normal canopy and disfigure the tree. Trees severely damaged by storm or other cause and trees interfering with overhead utility lines may be exempted from these requirements, after application and approval by the City Forester.
- (d) Commercial tree trimmers engaged by a private property owner or tenant to trim trees or shrubs within the city limits must obtain a permit from the City auditor. "Commercial tree trimmer", for the purpose of this Ordinance, is defined as any person engaging in tree trimming activities on property not owned by such person for a fee, or other compensation, whether on a full-time or part-time basis.

- (e) Any private property owner or tenant who engages any person, whether a commercial tree trimmer, or otherwise, to trim any trees or shrubs on any public property within the City, including boulevards, must contact the City Forester prior to any work being performed, so that such work can be properly supervised, as necessary. If any such trimming work is performed without prior notice to the City, the property owner is solely responsible for any personal injury or property damage resulting from such work.

- (f) It is unlawful to injure any tree or shrub planted or growing in a public boulevard or other public property, or to attach any wire, rope or sign to any tree or shrub on any public property within the City.

22.18 Commercial Tree Trimmers, Permit, Insurance

It is unlawful to do commercial tree trimming in any public boulevard, or other public property, in the City of Hazen without a permit therefore first being obtained from the City Auditor, at a fee of \$25.00. Such permit will be for a period from January to December, not to exceed one year in duration. The applicant must furnish evidence of liability insurance in the amount of \$50,000.00 for property damage, \$50,000.00 for bodily injury for one accident or occurrence, and \$100,000.00 in aggregate coverage.

PERMIT TO TRIM TREES

Name of Company: _____
Address: _____
Phone number: _____

Proof of liability insurance for property damage for \$50,000

Insurance company: _____
Address: _____

Proof of liability insurance for bodily injury for \$50,000

Insurance company: _____
Address: _____

Proof of \$100,000 insurance in aggregate coverage

Insurance company: _____
Address: _____

This permit shall be in effect from January 1, _____, to December 31, _____

City Auditor

ARBORICULTURAL SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS OF PRACTICE
AS AUTHORIZED BY CITY ORDINANCE
CHAPTER XXII

Section 1. Arboricultural Specifications and Standards of Practice.

The City Forester has the authority to promulgate rules and regulations of Arboricultural Specifications and Standards of Practices, which also may be known as the "Forestry Standards", governing the planting, maintenance, removal, fertilization, pruning, and bracing of trees on streets or other City property in the City of Hazen, North Dakota.

Section 2. Policy

- (a) All work on public trees must comply with the "City Tree Ordinance" of the City of Hazen, North Dakota.
- (b) The Arboricultural Specifications and Standards of Practice must be adhered to at all times, but may be amended at anytime that experience, new research, or laws indicate improved methods, or whenever circumstances make it advisable.
- (c) The policy of the Office of City Forester must be one of cooperating with the public property owner, other City departments, and appropriate non-profit organizations at all times.
- (d) No trees may be removed from public property unless they constitute a hazard to life or property, a public nuisance, or where thinning, as determined by the City Forester, will improve growth and survival of adjacent trees.

Section 3. Species, Cultivars, and Varieties

- (a) The following are trees acceptable for planting on street r.o.w. and on other public property in the City of Hazen:
 - (1) Large Trees (50' +)
 - American Linden Tilia americana
 - Larch Larix laricina
 - Green Ash Fraxinus pennsylvanica and cultivars
 - Kindred Fraxinus pennsylvanica `Kindred`
 - Summit Fraxinus pennsylvanica `Summit`
 - Patmore Fraxinus pennsylvanica `Patmore`
 - Bergeson Fraxinus pennsylvanica `Bergeson`
 - Hackberry Celtis occidentalis

Bur Oak Quercue macrocarpa
 Silver Maple Acer saccharinum

(2) Medium Trees (30'-50')

Buckeye Aesculus glabra
 Mayday Prunus padus
 Thornless Honeylocust Gleditsia triancanthoe var. `Inermis'
 Skyline Gleditsia triacanthos `Skyline'
 Imperial Gleditsia triacanthos `Imperial'
 Black Locust Robinia pseudoacacia
 Mountain Ash (European) Sorbus aucuparia
 (American) Sorbus americana
 (Decora).. Sorbus decora
 Little Leaf Linden Tilia cordata
 Redmond Linden Tilia euchlora `Redmond'
 Sugar Maple Acer saccharum
 Green Mountain Acer saccharum `Green mountain'

(3) Small Trees (less than 30')

Toba Hawthorne Crataeques toba
 Laurel Leaf Willow Salix pentandra
 Japanese Tree Lilac Syringa reticulata
 Amur Maple (tree form).. Acer ginnala
 Amur Chokecherry (non-suckering) Prunus maackii
 Canada Red Cherry..... Prunus virginiana `Shubert'
 Crabapples;
 Red Blooming Group.....
 Red Silver.. Malus `Red Silver'
 Almey..... Malus `Almey'
 Strathmore Malus `Strathmore'
 White Blooming Group
 Dolgo Malus `Dolgo'
 Radiant Malus `Radiant'
 Flame Malus `Flame'
 Red Splendor Malus `Red Splendor'
 Snowdrift. Malus `Snowdrift'

(b) Only desirable long-lived trees of good appearance, beauty, adaptability, and generally free from injurious pests or disease may be planted in public sites. The City Forester shall review periodically the species, cultivars and varieties included on the approved lists to determine if any should be removed for any reason, or if certain new species, cultivars or varieties of proven dependability and value, should be added.

Section 4. Planting.

(a) Size

- (1) Unless otherwise specified by the City Forester, all medium or large deciduous tree species and their cultivars and varieties must conform to American Association of Nurseryman Standards and be at least 1¼ to 1½ inches in diameter, six (6) inches above ground level, and at least eight (8) to ten (10) feet in height when planted. The crown should be in good balance with the trunk.
- (2) All small deciduous tree species and their cultivars or varieties, must be at least five (5) to (6) feet or more in height and have six (6) or more branches.

(b) Grade

- (1) Unless otherwise allowed for specific reasons, all trees should have comparatively straight trunks, well developed leaders and tops, and roots characteristic of the species, cultivar or variety showing evidence of proper nursery pruning. All trees must be free from insects, disease, mechanical injuries, and other objectionable features at the time of planting.

(c) Location and spacing

- (1) Based on a forty (40) year cycle:
 - (a) The minimum distance a tree may be planted next to a curb line or sidewalk is four (4) feet for large trees.
 - (b) Three (3) feet for medium trees.
 - (c) Two (2) feet for small trees.
 - (d) Only small trees (less than thirty (30) feet mature height) may be planted under utility lines.
 - (e) Where overhead lines or building setbacks present a special problem, the selection of site and species will be determined by the City Forester.
- (2) Where trees are to be planted on streets where the boulevard is less than four (4) feet in width, legal steps should be taken to obtain easement rights to plant beyond the sidewalk on private property. Such easements should contain provisions granting the City permission to select, plant, maintain and remove such trees under the direction of the City Forester.

- (3) Trees must be planted at least thirty (30) feet from street curb line intersections and at least ten (10) feet from driveways and alley right-of-ways.
- (4) No tree can be planted closer than ten (10) feet to a utility pole.
- (5) Spacing of trees should be determined by the City Forester according to local conditions, species, cultivars or varieties used, and their mature height, spread, and form. Generally, all large trees should be planted forty (40) to sixty (60) feet on center, all medium sized trees should be planted a minimum of thirty (30) feet on center, and all small trees should be planted a minimum of twenty (20) feet on center.
- (6) All planting on unpaved streets without curbs must first have the special permission of the City Forester who will determine the tree's location so that it will not be injured or destroyed if the street is curbed and paved.

(d) Methods of Planting and Support

- (1) Most small deciduous trees may be moved bare-rooted unless otherwise indicated. Roots of bare-rooted trees should be protected against drying out.
- (2) All coniferous trees should be moved balled and burlapped and or moved with a mechanical tree mover approved by the City Forester. Balled roots should be prevented from drying out at the surface of the ball and protected against injurious freezing.
- (3) Pits dug for planting of bare-root plants should be a minimum of twelve (12) inches larger in diameter than the diameter of the root system so as to be of sufficient size to accommodate the roots without crowding. For balled trees the pits should be a minimum of twelve (12) inches larger in diameter than the diameter of the ball of soil to allow proper backfill.
- (4) Plants should be planted no deeper than previously grown, with due allowance for settling.
- (5) In poorly drained soil, artificial drainage should be provided to properly drain the soil about the plant roots or tolerant species selected.
- (6) When the planting is completed, the entire root area should be thoroughly saturated with water.

- (7) Excessive pruning at the time of transplanting should be avoided. The extent of top pruning should be based on the ability of the plant roots to function.
- (8) Trees should be suitably wrapped and guyed, or supported in an upright position according to accepted arboricultural practices. The guys or supports should be fastened so that they will not girdle or cause serious injury to the tree or endanger public safety.

Section 5. Early Maintenance

(a) General

Newly planted trees require special attention to maintain practices during one or two growing seasons following planting. All maintenance practices should follow approved arboricultural standards.

(b) Watering

Ample soil moisture should be maintained following planting. A thorough watering each five (5) to ten (10) days, depending on soil type and drainage provisions, is usually adequate during the growing season. A soil auger or sampling tube is used to check the adequacy of moisture in the soil ball and or backfill.

(c) Fertilization

- (1) Adequate quantities of the essential nutrient elements should be made available after new growth starts. Only organic fertilizers approved by the City Forester should be used in the first two (2) years after planting.

(d) Insect and Disease Control

Measures for the control of insects and diseases should be taken as is shown necessary by frequent and thorough inspections. Where it is necessary to spray, insecticides or fungicides should be used that are recommended for safe and effective control.

(e) Pruning

- (1) Pruning practices to be followed the first few years following planting should consist of removing dead, broken, or injured branches, the suppression of rank, uneven growth and usually the removal of water sprouts. Feather growth should be removed as it reaches pencil size in diameter.

- (2) Pruning should be practiced subsequent to transplanting and as necessary thereafter to assure sturdy crotch development.
- (3) Tree heads should be raised as growth characteristics and location dictate. Newly planted trees need not have lower branches removed until they are well established.

Section 6. General Maintenance

(a) Pruning and Removal

- (1) Pruning should follow the National Arborist Association Arboricultural standards. No "topping" or "dehorning" of trees is permitted except with permission of the City Forester. Proper cabling and bracing should be substituted for this practice whenever possible.
- (2) All established trees must be pruned to sufficient height to allow free passage of pedestrians and vehicular traffic. A clear height of eight (8) feet over sidewalks and twelve (12) feet over all streets except those that are subject to truck traffic which must have a clearance of fourteen (14) feet must be maintained.
- (3) It is the policy of the City Forester to cooperate with the City Engineer, and vice-versa, in the placement and height of lighting standards, and the development of systems of tree pruning to give effective street illumination.
- (4) All tools being used on a tree suspected to be infected with a contagious disease must be disinfected before being used on another tree.
- (5) Whenever streets are to be blocked off to public service, the police and fire department should be notified of the location and the length of time the street will be blocked. Notification should be given these departments upon the removal of such barriers or obstructions remaining in the street after dark.
- (6) To protect the public from danger suitable street and sidewalks barriers, highway cones, or signs must be used when pruning a tree. Flashing signals or flares must be placed on all barriers or obstructions remaining in the street after dark.
- (7) The stumps of all removed trees should be cut to at least three (3) inches below ground, and soil replaced and the area leveled.

(b) Spraying

- (1) Suitable precautions must be taken to protect and warn the public that spraying is being done.
- (2) Spraying should be done only for the control of specific diseases or insects, with the proper materials in the necessary strength, and applied at the proper time to obtain the desired control. All spraying practices must conform to federal and state regulations.
- (3) Dormant oil sprays can be applied only to certain species of trees as approved by the City Forester and only when the air temperature is 40 degrees F. or above and when it is not likely to drop below this temperature for a period of twenty-four (24) hours.

(c) Fertilization

- (1) Fertilization of public trees should follow the National Arborist Association or other accepted arboricultural standards.
- (2) Formulations, rates, and methods of application of fertilizers may be specified by the City Forester.

(d) Cabling and Bracing

- (1) As a general rule, cables should be placed approximately two-thirds of the distance between the crotch and top branch ends. Rust resistant cables, thimbles, and lags should be used. The ends of a cable should be attached to hooks or eyes of lags or bolts, and thimbles must be used in the eye splice in each end of the cable. In no instances may cables be wrapped around a branch.
- (2) All cabling and bracing practices should follow National Arborists Association arboricultural standards.

ORDINANCE NO. 99-03

CHAPTER XXII
TREE CARE, MAINTENANCE AND PLANTING

BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of City Commissioners of the City of Hazen, North Dakota, that new Chapter XXII be adopted in the form attached:

First Reading: May 17, 1999

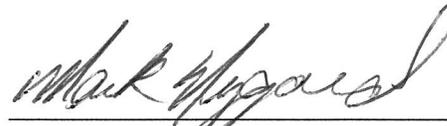
Roll Call: 5 aye
 0 nay
 0 absent

Second Reading: June 1, 1999

Roll Call: 5 aye
 0 nay
 0 absent

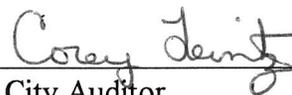
Effective Date: June 10, 1999

Published: June 10, 1999



Mark Nygard, Hazen City Commission Pres.

ATTEST:



Hazen City Auditor